

# Silicon Bipolar Transistors

## Reliability Data

**HBFP-0405**  
**HBFP-0420**  
**HBFP-0450**

### Description

The following cumulative test results have been obtained by Hewlett-Packard from process and product qualification, reliability monitor, and engineering

evaluation tests. For the purpose of this reliability data sheet, a failure is any part which does not meet the relevant Hewlett-Packard specification following the reliability tests.

### 1.0 Life Test

#### A. Demonstrated Performance

| Test Name                              | Test Conditions   | Units Tested | Total Device Hrs. | Total Failed |
|--|---|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
| High Temperature Operating Life (O.L.) | $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$<br>$V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$ , $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$ | 155          | 301,000           | 0            |
| High Temperature Reverse Bias (HTRB)   | $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{cbo} = 12\text{ V}$                       | 156          | 156,000           | 0            |

#### B. Failure Rate Prediction

Point MTTF is simply the total device hours divided by the number of failures. Since no failure was observed, an assumption was made that one unit failed. The assumed distribution is exponential and is commonly used in describing useful life failures. FIT is defined as failures in time, or specifically failures per billion hours. The relationship between MTTF and FIT is as follows:  $\text{FIT} = 10^9/\text{MTTF}$ . The failure rate will depend on the junction temperature of the device. The estimated life at different temperatures is calculated using activation energy of 1.0 eV.

| Junction Temp.<br>$T_J(^{\circ}\text{C})$ | Point             |      | 90% Confidence Level |      |
|---|-------------------|------|----------------------|------|
|   | MTTF (hours)      | FIT  | MTTF (hours)         | FIT  |
| 150                                       | $3.0 \times 10^5$ | 3322 | $1.3 \times 10^5$    | 7649 |
| 160                                       | $5.6 \times 10^6$ | 1709 | $2.4 \times 10^5$    | 3935 |
| 130                                       | $1.2 \times 10^6$ | 850  | $5.2 \times 10^5$    | 1957 |
| 120                                       | $2.5 \times 10^6$ | 408  | $1.1 \times 10^6$    | 939  |
| 110                                       | $5.3 \times 10^6$ | 189  | $2.3 \times 10^6$    | 435  |
| 100                                       | $1.2 \times 10^7$ | 84   | $5.2 \times 10^6$    | 193  |
| 90  | $2.8 \times 10^7$ | 36   | $1.2 \times 10^7$    | 83   |
| 80  | $7.0 \times 10^7$ | 14   | $3.0 \times 10^7$    | 32   |
| 70  | $1.8 \times 10^8$ | 5    | $7.8 \times 10^7$    | 12   |
| 60  | $5.0 \times 10^8$ | 2    | $2.2 \times 10^8$    | 5    |
| 50  | $1.5 \times 10^9$ | 1    | $6.5 \times 10^8$    | 2    |

### C. Example of Failure Rate Calculation

At 100°C for a device operating 8 hours a day, 5 days a week, the percent utilization is:

$$\% \text{ Utilization} = (8 \text{ hours/day}) \times (5 \text{ days/week}) \div 168 \text{ hours/week} \cong 25\%$$

Then at 100°C, the point failure rate per year is:

$$(8.4 \times 10^{-8}/\text{hr.}) \times (25\%) \times (8760 \text{ hours/year}) = 1.8 \times 10^{-2}\% \text{ per year}$$

Likewise, the 90% confidence level failure rate per year is:

$$(1.9 \times 10^{-7}/\text{hr.}) \times (25\%) \times (8760 \text{ hours/year}) = 4.2 \times 10^{-2}\% \text{ per year}$$

## 2.0 Environmental Tests

| Test Name                   | Test Conditions                           | Duration                   | Number of Failed/Sample Size |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Thermal Shock               | -65°C/+150°C, 5 min. dwell                | 1000 cycles                | 0/460                        |
| Temp Cycling                | -65°C/+150°C, 10 min. dwell               | 2000 cycles<br>1000 cycles | 0/227<br>0/228               |
| Moisture Resistance (WHTRB) | 85°C/RH 85%, V <sub>cbo</sub> = 16.0 V    | 1000 hrs                   | 0/176                        |
| Moisture Resistance (WHTOL) | 85°C/RH 85%, V <sub>ce</sub> = 2 V, 20 mA | 2000 hrs                   | 0/156                        |
| Autoclave                   | 121°C, 15 psig, 100% RH                   | 96 hrs                     | 0/456                        |
| Resistance to Solvents      | 3 solvent groups                          | —                          | 0/22                         |
| Solderability               | 245°C, 5 seconds                          | 8 hrs steam aging          | 0/22                         |

## 3.0 Electrostatic Discharge

| Test Name        | Reference         | Results |
|------------------|-------------------|---------|
| Human Body Model | EIA/JESD22-A114-A | Class 1 |
| Machine Model    | EIA/JESD22-A115-A | Class A |

Class 1 is ESD voltage level <2000V, Class 2 is voltage level between 2000V and 4000V, Class 3 is voltage level >4000V.

Class A is ESD voltage level <200 V, Class B is voltage level between 200 V and 400V, Class C is voltage level >400V.

## 4.0 Flammability Rating

The device is designed to meet the UL category D

### Note:

Preconditioning per JESD22-A113-A class 1, was performed on all the devices before the reliability tests.

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Obsoletes 5968-1409E

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